residents of Pitampura Colony in Delhi have been requesting Government for the opening of Delhi Milk Scheme (DMS) booths and Mother Dairy depots and Mother Dairy fruit and vegetable depots there for a long time for the last three years; and

(b) if so, what action has so far been taken in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Delhi Milk Scheme has already opened 11 milk depots in the morning and 10 depots in the evening in Pitampura. Similarly there are 10 retail outlets selling Mother Dairy's toned milk and 5 retail outlets selling Mother Dairy's full cream milk in Pitampura.

Mother Dairy has set up a few fruit and vegetable shops in different localities of Delhi and the operations are being carried out from a hired cold store. After Mother Dairy commissions its own central distribution facility, more retail outlets will be constructed and the feasibility of setting up a Fruit and Vegetable retail outlet at Pitampura will be examined at that time.

Loss due to Floods in Madhya Pradesh

1613. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the recent rains and the floods have caused heavy loss of life and property in Madhya Pradesh;

(b) what is the loss of life and property reported from Madhya Pradesh during July, 1986;

(c) what is the assistance provided by the Central Government to the Government of Madhya Pradesh to meet the situation;

(d) whether any central team was sent to Madhya Pradesh to assess the loss; and

(e) if so, what are the details in this regard and what is the report of the central team ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION (SHRI YOGENDRA MAKWANA): (a) and (b) The State Government of Madhya Pradesh has reported the following damages due to floods in that State. The entire Chhattisgarh region comprising Raipur, Bilaspur and Bastar Divisions received continuous and heavy rains for almost 15 days during the period from 16th June to 7th July. Consequently, substantial areas in these parts have remained unsown. A large percentage of sowings by broadcast method have been washed away and these areas will require sowing for the second time. Hoshangabad, Gwalior, Ujjain and Bhopal Divisions had received heavy incessant rains for 10 days in the second fortnight of July, 1986. A large number of villages have been marooned by flood waters. Extensive damage has been caused to dwellings in Bhopal, Vidisha, Kurwai Basoda, Ashta, Sehore and Morena towns, necessitating evacuation of people to safer shelters. In Sehore, Vidhisa, Raisen and Rajgarh districts of Bhopal Division vast areas have been flooded and standing crops completely submerged. Damage to roads and bridges has been substantial. Nearly 50 villages have been marooned and the position of 14 villages is quite grim. Road communication with Bhopal has been cut off in several directions. So far 26 deaths have been reported and the actual position will be known with restoration of communications.

(c) The sanctioning of Central assistance will be considered to the State Government to meet the situation only after the receipt of Memorandum from the State Government.

(d) and (e) The Central Team will be deputed to the State of Madhya Pradesh to make an on-the-spot study of the situation, only after the receipt of the Memorandum from the State Government. State Government has been asked to submit their Memorandum immediately.

Micro Projects For Primitive Tribes

1614. SHRI JAGADISH JANI : Will the Minister of WELFARE be Pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are implementing some micro-projects for the welfare of Primitive tribes ;

(b) if so, the number of micro-Projects which are under implementation in different States for the welfare of Primitive tribes; and

(c) The names of primitive tribes in Orissa which have so far benefited under micro-projects?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRI GIRDHAR GOMANGO) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Seventy-three Primitive tribal groups are covered. A statement showing the names of the primitive tribe communities for whom paojects micro-projects are under implementation is enclosed.

(c) The names of the Primitive tribes in Orissa benefited under the micro-projects are shown against Serial No.9 of the enclosed statement.

Statement

List of identified primitive tribal groups for whom projects/Micro Projects are implemented

S. No	State/U.T.	
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1. Bodo-Gadaba; 2 Bondo Proja ; 3. Chenchu;4. Dongria Khond; 5. Gutob 6. Khond Poroja ; 7. Kolam 8 KondaReddi 9 Kond Savaras ; 10. Kutia Khond; 11. Parengi Proja; 12. Thoti;
2.	Bihar	13. Asurs ; 14. Birhor; 15. Birjia; 16. Hill Kharia; 17. Korwas; 18. Mal Parharia; 19. Parhaiyas; 20. Sauria Paharia; 21. Savar;
3.	Gujraat	22. Kathodi; 23. Kotwalia; 24. Padhar; 25. Siddi; 26. Kolgha ;
4.	Karnataka	27 Jenu Kuruba 28 Koraga
5.	Kerala	29. Cholanaikayan (a section of Kattunaichans) 30. Kadar; 31. Kattunayakan; 32. Kurumbas; 31. Koraga;
6.	Madhya Pradesh	24. Abujh Marias; 35. Baigas; 36. Bharias 37. Hill Korbas; 38. Kamars; 39. Saharias;
7.	Maharashtra	40. Katkaria (Kathodia) 14. Kolan; 42 Maria Gond ;
8.	Manipur	43.Marram Nagas ;
9.	Orissa	44. Birhor; 45. Bondo; 46. Didayi; 47. Dongaria- Khond. 48. Juangs; 49. Kharias; 50. Kutia Kondh; 51. Lanjia Saurs; 52. Lohdas; 73. Mankidias; - 54. Paudi Bhuyans ; 55. Soura ;
10.	Rajasthan	56. Seharias;
11.	Tamil Nadu	57. Kattu Naickens; 58. Kotas; 59. Kurumbas; 60. Irulas; 61. Paniyans; 62. Todas;
12.	Tripura	63. Reangs ;
13.	Uttar Pradesh	64. Buxas; 65. Rajis;
14.	West Bengal	66. Birhor; 67. Lodhas; 68. Totos;
15.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands.	69. Great Andamanses; 70. Jarwas; 71. onges 72 Sentenelese 73. Shompen.